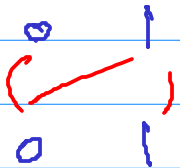


تکرین شماره دو

$$\square + i\square$$

حاصل عبارتهای زیر را بیست آورید.

$$i^0 = i^0 \times i^0 = (0 - 1) + i(0 + 0)$$

$$= -1 + 0 = -1$$


$$i^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times i^0 = (-1)i^0 = -i^0$$

$$i^4 = i^2 \times i^2 = (-1)(-1) = 1$$

$$i^5 = i^4 \times i^1 = (1) \times i^1 = (-1) \times i^1 = (-1)(i) = -i$$

$$\frac{\gamma + i^0}{\mu + \kappa i^0} = \left(\frac{\gamma + \kappa}{\mu + \varepsilon} \right) + \left(\frac{\mu - 1}{\mu + \varepsilon} \right) i^0$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \gamma \\ \mu \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \varepsilon \end{array} \right) \quad \frac{1^0}{\gamma \alpha} + \frac{-\alpha}{\gamma \alpha} i^0$$

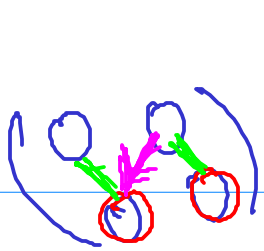
$$\text{Im} \left(\frac{1}{1+i} \right) = \left. \frac{-1}{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+i} = \left(\frac{1+0}{1+i} \right) + i^0 \left(\frac{0-1}{1+i} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{-1}{2} \right) i^0$$

$$(-9 + \mu i)(-7 - i) = (\alpha \beta - (-\mu)) + i^0(-1\alpha + 9)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} -9 \\ -4 \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{c} \mu \\ -1 \end{array} \right) = \alpha \beta - 9 + i^0$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + i \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

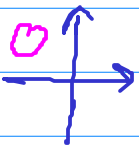
گرفتن لایه ۳

حاصل عبارتهای زیر را به دست آورید.

$$z = r e^{i\theta}$$

$$1) (-1+i)^{14} = (\sqrt{2})^{14} e^{i(14)\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)}$$

$$-1+i$$



$$\begin{cases} x = -1 \\ y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{tg } \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$$

$$\theta = \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$1) i = 1 e^{i(i)\frac{\pi}{4}} = e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}} = e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$z = r e^{i\theta}$$

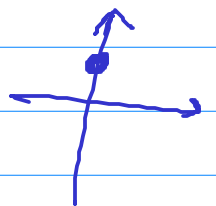
$$e^0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$r = \sqrt{0+1} = 1$$

$$y = 1$$

$$\text{tg } \theta = \frac{1}{0} = \infty \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



$$r) (-1 - i\sqrt{\mu}) = r e^{i(-10) \frac{\pi}{\mu}}$$

$$-1 - i\sqrt{\mu}$$



$$\begin{cases} x = -1 \\ y = -\sqrt{\mu} \end{cases}$$

$$r = \sqrt{1 + \mu} = r$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{\mu}}{-1} = \sqrt{\mu}$$

$$\theta = \pi + \frac{\pi}{\mu} = \frac{\pi}{\mu}$$

$$r) \left| \frac{r + i}{\mu + \mu i} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} = \frac{r_1}{r_2}$$

$$r + i$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r \\ y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$r = \sqrt{r^2 + 1} = \sqrt{\mu}$$

$$r + \mu i$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r \\ y = \mu \end{cases}$$

$$r = \sqrt{r^2 + \mu^2} = \sqrt{\mu} = \mu$$

$$b) \quad |(-9+4i)(-7-i)| = \sqrt{90} \cdot \sqrt{41}$$

$$-9+4i$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -9 \\ y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$r = \sqrt{11+9} = \sqrt{90}$$

$$-9-i$$

$$x = -9$$

$$y = -1$$

$$r = \sqrt{49+1} = \sqrt{41}$$